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tion, stole into a total verity, which was but partly true in its morality.
HIEROGLYPHICALLY. *adv.* [from *hieroglyphical*.] Emblematically.

Others have spoken emblematically and *hieroglyphically* as the Egyptians, and the phoenix was the hieroglyphick of the sun.

HIEROGRAPHY. *n. f.* [*ἱερογραφία* and *γραφία*.] Holy writing.
HIEROPHANT. *n. f.* [*ἱεροφάντης*.] One who teaches rules of religion; a priest.

Herein the wantonness of poets, and the crafts of their heathenish priests and *hierophants*, abundantly gratified the fancies of the people.
HIGGLE. *v. n.* [of uncertain etymology; probably corrupted from *haggle*.]

1. To chaffer; to be penurious in a bargain.
In good offices and due retributions we may not be pinching and niggardly: it argues an ignoble mind, where we have wronged, to *biggle* and dodge in the amends.

2. To *biggle* thus for a few blows,
To gain thy knight an opulent spouse.

Why all this *biggling* with thy friend about such a paltry sum? Does this become the generosity of the noble and rich John Bull?

3. To go selling provisions from door to door. This seems the original meaning.

HIGGLEDY-PIGGLEDY. *adv.* A cant word, corrupted from *biggle*, which denotes any confused mass, as *bigglers* carry a huddle of provisions together.

HIGGLER. *n. f.* [from *biggle*.] One who sells provisions by retail.

HIGH. *adj.* [*heah*, Saxon; *hoog*, Dutch.]
1. Long upwards; rising above from the surface, or from the centre.

They that stand *high* have many blasts to shake them,
And, if they fall, they dash themselves to pieces.

2. Their andes, or mountains, were far *higher* than those with us; whereby the remnants of the generation of men were, in such a particular deluge, saved.

3. The *higher* parts of the earth being continually spending, and the lower continually gaining, they must of necessity at length come to an equality.

4. Elevated in place; raised aloft.
High o'er their heads a mould'ring rock is plac'd,
That promises a fall, and shakes at every blast.

5. Exalted in nature.
Reason elevates our thoughts as *high* as the stars, and leads us through the vast spaces of this mighty fabric; yet it comes far short of the real extent of even corporeal being.

6. Exalted in rank or condition: as, *high* priest.
O mortals! blind in fate, who never know
To bear *high* fortune, or endure the low.

7. Exalted in sentiment.
Solomon liv'd at ease, nor aimed beyond
Higher design than to enjoy his state.

8. Difficult; abstruse.
They meet to hear, and answer such *high* things.

9. Boastful; ostentatious.
His forces, after all the *high* discourses, amounted really but to eighteen hundred foot.

10. Arrogant; proud; lofty.
The governor made himself merry with his *high* and threatening language, and sent him word he would neither give nor receive quarter.

11. Severe; oppressive.
When there appeareth on either side an *high* hand, violent prosecution, cunning advantages taken, and combination, then is the virtue of a judge seen.

12. Noble; illustrious.
Truit me, I am exceeding weary.
—Is it come to that? I had thought, weariness durst not have attacked to *high* blood.—It doth me, though it discolours the complexion of my greatness to acknowledge it.

13. He woos both *high* and low, both rich and poor.

14. Violent; tempestuous; loud. Applied to the wind.
More ships in calms on a deceitful coast,
Or unfeen rocks, than in *high* storms are lost.

15. Spiders cannot easily weave their nets in a *high* wind.
At length the winds are rais'd, the storm blows *high*;
Be it your care, my friends, to keep it up
In its full fury.

16. Tumultuous; turbulent; ungovernable.
Not only tears
Rain'd at their eyes, but high winds worse within,
Began to rise; *high* passions, anger,
Mistrust, suspicion, discord, hate, shook fore
Their inward state of mind.

17. Can heav'nly minds such *high* repentment show,
Or exercise their spirit in human woe?

18. Full; complete.

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High time now 'gan it wax for Una fair,
To think of those her captive parents dear.

High time it is this war now ended were.
It was *high* time to do so; for it was now certain, that forces were already upon their march towards the West.

14. Strong tasted; gufful.
Solomon liv'd at ease, and full
Of honour, wealth, *high* fare, aim'd not beyond
Higher design than to enjoy his state.

15. Advancing in latitude from the line.
They are forced to take their course either *high* to the North, or low to the South.

16. At the most perfect state; in the meridian: as, by the sun it is *high* noon.
It is yet *high* day, neither is it time that the cattle should be gathered.

17. Far advanced into antiquity.
The nominal observation of the several days of the week, is very *high*, and as old as the ancient Egyptians, who named the same according to the seven planets.

18. Dear; exorbitant in price.
If they must be good at so *high* a rate, they know they may be safe at a cheaper.

19. Capital; great; opposed to little: as, *high* treason, in opposition to petty.
High. *n. f.* High place; elevation; superiour region.

Which when the king of gods beheld from *high*,
He sigh'd.

On *high*. Aloft; above; into superiour regions.
Wide is the fronting gate, and rais'd on *high*,
With adamantine columns threatens the sky.

20. *High* is much used in composition with variety of meaning.
HIGH-BLEST. *adj.* Supremely happy.
The good which we enjoy from heav'n descends;
But that from us ought should ascend to heav'n

So prevalent, as to concern the mind
Of God *high-bless'd*, or to incline his will,
Hard to belief may seem.

21. HIGH-BLOWN. Swelled much with wind; much inflated.
I have ventur'd,
Like little wanton boys that swim on bladders,
These many Summers on a sea of glory;
But far beyond my depth: my *high-blown* pride
At length broke under me, and now has left me,
Wearied, and old with service, to the mercy
Of a rude stream, that must for ever hide me.

22. HIGH-BORN. Of noble extraction.
Cast round your eyes
Upon the *high-born* beauties of the court;
There chuse some worthy partner of your heart.

23. HIGH-BUILT. *adj.*
1. Of lofty structure.
I know him by his stride,
The giant Harapha of Gath; his look
Haughty as is his pile, *high-built* and proud.

2. Covered with lofty buildings.
In dreadful wars
The *high-built* elephant his castle rears,
Looks down on man below, and strikes the stars.

24. HIGH-COLOURED. Having a deep or glaring colour.
If a fever happens in a rancid oily state of blood, it produces a scorbutick fever, with *high-coloured* urine, and spots in the skin.

25. HIGH-DESIGNING. Having great schemes.
His warlike mind, his soul devoid of fear,
His *high-designing* thoughts were figur'd there.

26. HIGH-FE'D. Pampered.
A favourite mule, *high-fed*, and in the pride of flesh and metal, would still be bragging of his family.

27. HIGH-FLAMING. Throwing the flame to a great height.
Hecatombs of bulls to Neptune slain,
High-flaming, please the monarch of the main.

28. HIGH-FLYER. *n. f.* One that carries his opinions to extravagance.
She openly professeth herself to be a *high-flyer*; and it is not improbable the may also be a papist at heart.

29. HIGH-FLOWN. *adj.* [*high* and *flown*, from *fly*.]
1. Elevated; proud.
This stiff-neck'd pride nor art nor force can bend,
Nor *high-flown* hopes to reason's lure descend.

2. Turgid; extravagant.
This fable is a *high-flown* hyperbole upon the miseries of marriage.

3. HIGH-FLYING. Extravagant in claims or opinions.
Clip the wings
Of their *high-flying* arbitrary kings.

4. HIGH-HE'PED. *adj.*
1. Covered with high piles.

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The plenteous board *high-heap'd* with cates divine,
And o'er the foaming bowl the laughing wine.

2. Raised into high piles.
I saw myself the vast unnumber'd store
Of brags, *high-heap'd* amidst the regal dome.

3. HIGH-HEEL'D. Having the heel of the shoe much raised.
By these embroider'd *high-heel'd* shoes,
She shall be caught as in a noose.

4. HIGH-HUNG. Hung aloft.
By the *high-hung* taper's light,
I could discern his cheeks were glowing red.

5. HIGH-METTLED. Proud or ardent of spirit.
He fails not in these to keep a stiff rein on a *high-mettled* Pegasus; and takes care not to surfeit here, as he had done on other heads, by an erroneous abundance.

6. HIGH-MINDED. Proud; arrogant.
My breast I'll burst with training of my courage,
But I will chastise this *high-minded* trumpet.

7. HIGH-PRINCIPLED. Extravagant in notions of politics.
This seems to be the political creed of all the *high-principled* men I have met with.

8. HIGH-RED. Deeply red.
Oil of turpentine, though clear as water, being digested upon the purely white fugar of lead, has in a short time afforded a *high-red* tincture.

9. HIGH-SEASONED. Piquant to the palate.
Be sparing also of salt in the seasoning of all his victuals, and use him not to *high-seasoned* meats.

10. HIGH-SIGHTED. Always looking upwards.
Let *high-sighted* tyranny range on,
Till each man drop by lottery;
But if these countrymen bear fire enough,
What need we any spur but our own cause?

11. HIGH-SPIRITED. Bold; daring; insolent.
HIGH-STOMACHED. Obstinate; lofty.
High-stomach'd are they both, and full of ire;
In rage, deaf as the sea, hasty as fire.

12. HIGH-TASTED. Gufful; piquant.
Flattery still in sugar'd words betrays,
And poison in *high-tasted* meats conveys.

13. HIGH-VICED. Enormously wicked.
Be as a planetary plague, when Jove
Will o'er some *high-vice'd* city hang his poison
In the sick air.

14. HIGH-WROUGHT. Accurately finished; nobly laboured.
Thou triumph'st, victor of the *high-wrought* day,
And the pleas'd dame, soft smiling, lead'st away.

15. HIGH-AND. *n. f.* [*high* and *land*.] Mountainous region.
The world's ring moon
Beholds her brother's flocks beneath her own;
The *highlands* smok'd, cleft by the piercing rays.

16. LADIES in the *highlands* of Scotland use this discipline to their children in the midst of winter, and find that cold water does them no harm.

17. HIGH-LANDER. *n. f.* [from *highland*.] An inhabitant of mountains.
His cabinet council of *highlanders*.

18. HIGHLY. *adv.* [from *high*.]
1. With elevation as to place and situation.
2. In a great degree.

19. Whatever expedients can allay those heats, which break us into different factions, cannot but be useful to the publick, and *highly* tend to its safety.

20. It cannot but be *highly* requisite for us to support and enliven our faith, by dwelling often on the same considerations.

21. Proudly; arrogantly; ambitiously.
What thou wouldst *highly*,
That thou wouldst holly; wouldst not play false,
And yet wouldst wrongly win.

22. With esteem; with estimation.
Every man that is among you, not to think of himself more *highly* than he ought to think.

23. HIGHMOST. *adj.* [An irregular word.] Highest; topmost.
Now is the fun upon the *highmost* hill
Of this day's journey; and from nine 'till twelve,
Is three long hours.

24. HIGHNESS. *n. f.* [from *high*.]
1. Elevation above the surface.
2. The title of princes, anciently of kings.

25. I crave no more than that your *highness* offer'd.

26. A perfect prince, ere her *highness* came?

27. Beauty and greatness are eminently joined in your royal *highness*.

28. Dignity of nature; supremacy.
Destruction from God was a terror to me, and by reason of his *highness* I could not endure.

29. HIGH. [This is an imperfect verb, used only in the preterite

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tense with a passive signification: *paran*, to call, Saxon; *hiffen*, to be called, German.]
1. Was named; was called.

2. The city of the great king *high* it well,
Wherein eternal peace and happiness doth dwell.

3. It is sometimes used as a participle passive, and signifies called; named. It is now obsolete, except in burlesque writings.
Amongst the rest a good old woman was,
High mother Hubbard.

4. HIGHWATER. *n. f.* [*high* and *water*.] The utmost flow of the tide.
They have a good way in Essex of draining of lands that lie below the *highwater*, and that are something above the low-water mark.

5. HIGHWAY. *n. f.* [*high* and *way*.] Great road; publick path.
So few there be
That chuse the narrow path, or seek the right:
All keep the broad *highway*, and take delight
With many rather for to go astray.

6. Two inscriptions give a great light to the histories of Appian, who made the *highway*, and of Fabius the dictator.

7. Ent'ring on a broad *highway*,
Where power and titles scatter'd lay,
He strove to pick up all he found.

8. I could mention more trades we have lost, and are in the *highway* to lose.

9. HIGHWAYMAN. *n. f.* [*highway* and *man*.] A robber that plunders on the publick roads.
'Tis like the friendship of pickpockets and *highwaymen*,
that observe strict justice among themselves.

10. A remedy like that of giving my money to an *highwayman* before he attempts to take it by force, to prevent the sin of robbery.

11. HILAPER. *n. f.* An herb.

12. HILARITY. *n. f.* [*hilaritas*, Latin.] Merriment; gayety.
Averroes restrained his *hilarity*, and made no more thereof than Seneca commendeth, and was allowable in Cato; that is, a sober inalefcence from wine.

13. HILDE, in *Elrick's* grammar, is interpreted a lord or lady: so *Hildebert* is a noble lord; *Mahild*, an heroic lady; and in the same sense is *Wiga* also found.

14. HILDING. *n. f.* [*hild*, Saxon, signifies a lord: perhaps *hilding* means originally a little lord in contempt, for a man that has only the delicacy or bad qualities of high rank; or a term of reproach abbreviated from *hinderling*, degenerate.]

15. 1. A forry, paltry, cowardly fellow.
He was some *hilding* fellow, that had stol'n
The horse he rode on.

2. If your lordship find him not a *hilding*, hold me no more in your respect.

3. You are curb'd from that enlargement by
The consequence o' th' crown, and must not foil
The precious note of it with a base slave,
A *hilding* for a livery, a squire's cloth.

4. This idle toy, this *hilding* scorns my power,
And sets us all at naught.

5. It is used likewise for a mean woman.
Laura, to his lady, was but a kitchen wench;
Helen and Hero, *hildings* and harlots.

6. HILL. *n. f.* [*hil*, Saxon.] An elevation of ground less than a mountain.
My sheep are thoughts, which I both guide and serve;
Their pasture is fair *hills* of fruitless love.

7. Jerusalem is seated on two *hills*,
Of height unlike, and turned side to side.

8. The rest is easy, scant to rise opy'd;
But mighty bulkwarks fence the plainer part:
So art helps nature, nature strengtheneth art.

9. When our eye some prospect would pursue,
Descending from a *hill*, looks round to view.

10. A *hill* is nothing but the nest of some metal or mineral, which, by a plastic virtue, and the efficacy of subterranean fires, converting the adjacent earths into their substance, do increase and grow.

11. HILLOCK. *n. f.* [from *hill*.] A little hill.
Yet weigh this, alas! great is not great to the greater:
What, judge you, doth a *hillock* show by the lofty Olympus!

12. Sometime walking not unseen
By hedge-row elms, on *hillocks* green.

13. This mountain, and a few neighbouring *hillocks*, that lie scattered about the bottom of it, is the whole circuit of these dominions.

14. HILLY. *adj.* [from *hill*.] Full of hills; unequal in the surface.
Towards the *hilly* corners of Druiua remain yet her very Aborigenes, fatally thrust amongst an assembly of mountains.

15. Climbing